Protest hearings are scheduled for fifteen minutes in total, which includes the Property Owner’s, the Tarrant Appraisal District’s (TAD) and the Tarrant Appraisal Review Board (TARB) panel’s time. Each party will have approximately five (5) minutes in total, to present their evidence. Be direct, concise, and honest. Stress facts and circumstances about the property, the appraisal district’s operations or budget, tax rates for local taxing units, inflation or local politics, addressing these topics in your presentation wastewater time and will not help your case. As a general rule, TARB must make its decision only on the evidence brought by the parties. TARB members evaluate the strength, value and believability of the evidence presented at the hearing by one side as compared to the evidence presented by the other side.

Bring four (4) copies of evidence and two (2) copies of photos to the hearing even if you have previously submitted the evidence, to assist in giving the TARB three-member panel and the TAD appraiser adequate time to review each document. TAD and TARB are separate entities. Information you previously sent to TAD may not be available to TARB at the hearing unless you bring more copies. Evidence should be on 8.5” x 11” single sided paper.

Electronic presentations require, you either upload, to your database, a complete copy of the evidence or bring one (1) non-returnable paper copy, to the hearing. TARB will not consider your electronic presentation, if you cannot leave a copy for the record. TARB will not accept a USB flash drive, CD or DVD as the permanent retention copy of the hearing evidence. TARB, TAD or the Hearing Officer may not use computer, tablet computer, cameras, floppy discs or SD memory cards. Electronic evidence is recommended to be uploaded to your database in one multipage PDF document, not multiple one page PDF documents. File size limited to 5MB. Photos must be resized to no larger than 2MB. TAD may use audiospatial equipment at a hearing, including a Microsoft Windows 7 OS computer compatible and multiple monitors, keyboard and mouse. Audiovisual equipment of the same general type, kind, and character is available for use by a property owner who requests the use of the equipment when checking in for a hearing. It will not be connected to the internet. A property owner may bring his/her own audiovisual equipment for use at a hearing. The owner is responsible for setting the equipment up and operating it. Neither TAD nor TARB can provide technical assistance for personal devices. Property owners may not access TAD’s computer network, Internet connection or any of TAD’s technology or equipment other than that made available and described in these procedures. Due to limited units available, you must inform the TARB clerical assistance at check in that you will be making an electronic presentation requiring TAD provided computer equipment. Additional wait time may be required.

A property owner may have another person appear at the hearing as the owner’s agent, but the TARB needs to know the person is properly authorized. In most instances, a property owner must designate an agent in writing using the Comptroller’s form 50-162. Formats other than form 50-162 are generally not acceptable authorization. Forms are available online at www.tad.org, or https://comptroller.texas.gov/forms/50-162.pdf at or our office. The form must be signed by the owner and must be filed at or before the hearing. This is particularly true when an agent is a professional tax consultant; or other person not shown as an owner on the property’s deed, (including the owner’s spouse). If the agent is an owner or authorized employee of the property owner’s business or the owner’s attorney licensed to practice in Texas, the TARB may accept other evidence of the agent’s authority. Failure to provide authorization at the time of the hearing may result in the dismissal of the case.

Incorrect appraised (market) value protest: relevant evidence includes: closing statements; appraisal reports from appraisers licensed or certified by the State; photos showing the condition or environment of the property; documents reflecting sales of comparable properties including information about the size, condition, age and location of the comparable properties; or other generally accepted appraisal methods and techniques. For more information see Texas Property Tax Code §23.013. Generally, evidence should be relevant to values as of January 1 of the year under protest. Third party verified sales closest to January 1 may be more relevant. Sales should be within 24 months of January 1. Sales prices of comparable properties need to be adjusted to account for differences between those properties and yours in characteristics such as square footage, features, condition, location, market changes since date of sale, etc. If you believe the value of your property is affected by damage, estimates of repairs in the form of, bids from third parties, with photos of damage or unusual deterioration may provide the most persuasive evidence, along with other documents concerning the physical condition and value of the property. If original documents are not available, exact duplicates are acceptable. Providing falsified documents is a crime under Chapter 37 of the Texas Penal Code. Market-value information from commercial websites is not always reliable. TAD’s appraised values of neighboring properties are generally not useful to establish the market value of your property, although they may be relevant to a Value-is- Unequal-with-Other-Properties protest.

Value is unequal compared with other properties protest: evidence and documentation should be prepared to address one or more of the following issues: 1) whether the appraisal ratio of the property is greater than the median level of appraisal of a sample of properties in the appraisal district consisting of a reasonable number of other properties similarly situated to, or of the same general kind of character as that property; or 3) whether the appraised value of the property is greater than the median appraisal value of a reasonable number of comparable properties appropriately adjusted. Sales prices are generally not relevant to the third issue. The selection of comparable properties and the application of appropriate adjustments for the determination of an appraised value of property by any person in an unequal appraised case must be based on the application of generally accepted appraisal methods and techniques. Adjustments must be based on recognized methods and techniques that are necessary to produce a credible opinion.

If your property is leased, income and expense statements, profit and loss statements and rent rolls are relevant. If the property is business personal property, documents such as CPA statements, audits, balance sheets, IRS returns (Form 1040, Schedule C; Form 4562), inventory records, receipts, invoices, and leases pertaining to the property and rendition forms are the most persuasive sources of evidence. If applicable, regarding all of the above, third party documents signed by an accountant, property manager, etc. may be more persuasive. For representation of lessee, use applicable form, either 50-834 or 50-864.

If you are unable to attend the hearing, and will be attending by affidavit, telephone affidavit or videoconference affidavit, the law allows you to submit your evidence in the form of a sworn affidavit or unsworn declaration (SA/UD), delivered to TARB, before the hearing. A sworn affidavit must be signed under oath before a Notary Public other person authorized to administer oaths. Unsworn declarations do not require notary signature. You must state in the SA/UD that either: 1) you do not intend to appear at the hearing or 2) that you intend to appear at the hearing in person and that the SA/UD may be used only if you do not appear at the hearing in person. If you state, you intend to appear at the hearing, in the SA/UD, TARB may consider the SA/UD only if you do not appear at the hearing in person. If you do not state in the SA/UD whether you intend to appear at the hearing, TARB shall consider the substitution of the SA/UD as an indication that you do not intend to appear at the hearing. TARB is not required to hold the hearing at the scheduled time and may consider the SA/UD at a hearing designated for the specific purpose of processing SA/UD. For your hearing, submit original SA/UD containing all testimony, evidence, photos, arguments, exhibits and attachments to support your opinion of value, along with (4) sets of exact copies of said documents, to assist in giving the TARB three-member panel and the TAD appraiser adequate time to review each document, even if you have previously submitted the evidence. Evidence should be on 8.5” x 11” single sided paper. See special instructions above for electronic evidence presentation. For more information see current Texas Property Tax Code, §41.45 and Comptroller’s form 50-283, available online at: https://www.tad.org/wp-content/pdf/templates/PropertyOwner’sAffidavitOfEvidenceToTheAppraisalReviewBoard(50-283).pdf or https://comptroller.texas.gov/forms/50-283.pdf.

SA/UD, testimony and evidence can be delivered in person, by mail, common or contract carrier or uploaded to your “My Dashboard” account.

- If delivered by mail, deliver to: TARB P.O. Box 168519/Fort Worth, Texas 76181-0159
- o To help facilitate accurate processing, TARB HEARING EVIDENCE should be prominently displayed on the outside of the envelope.
- o To allow time for processing, it is recommended the SA/UD, testimony and evidence be received at least five (5) business days prior to scheduled hearing.
- o SA/UD, testimony and evidence are not accepted via fax or email.

- TAD.org Online Account Holders can submit SA/UD, testimony and evidence to their personal “My Dashboard” link, once the account has been scheduled.
- o To allow for processing, it is recommended the SA/UD, testimony and evidence be uploaded at least five (5) business days prior to scheduled hearing.

Most questions are answered at the TARB website - https://www.tad.org/about/partners/tarrant-appraisal-review-board/

The Texas Property Tax Code can be accessed at:: https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/legal-resource.php